

**Mechanical Engineering  
Materials and Machining System  
Materials Science for Engineering**

**Machine Material**

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Materials with large grains  
• Low strength and toughness  
• Difficult high-temperature plastic deformation

Evaluation of various material properties by nanostructure control

Amorphous materials  
Nanocrystalline materials  
• High strength and toughness  
• Easy high-temperature plastic deformation



Planetary Ball Mill



Attritor

Fabrication of Amorphous and/or Nanocrystalline Powders

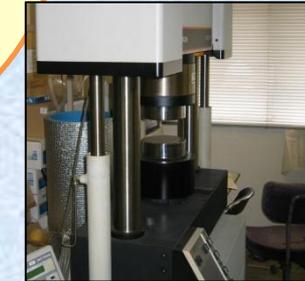
- Mechanical Alloying (MA)
- Mechanical Grinding (MG)

Estimation of Material Properties

- Nanostructure
- Mechanical Property



Diamond Wire Saw



Instron Testing Machine

Rapid Densification

- Electric Current Activated/Assisted Sintering System
- Millimeter Wave Sintering System



Electric Current Assisted / Activated Sintering System



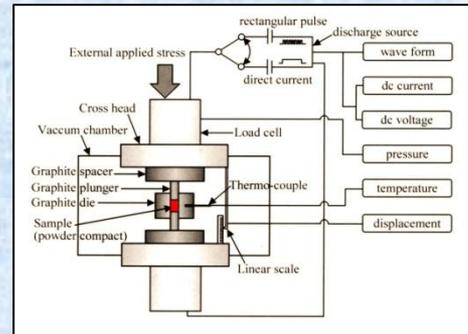
Millimeter Wave Sintering System

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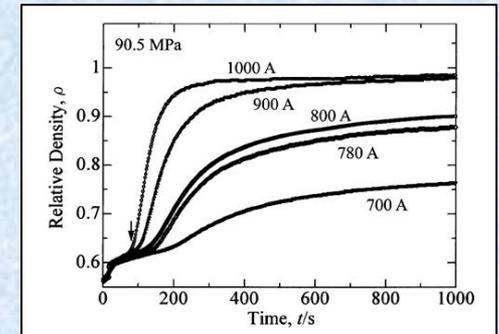
# Theme 1 Rapid Densification and Deformation of Yttria-Stabilized Zirconia Powder

## 1) Fabrication of fully densified nano-crystalline yttria-stabilized zirconia (Y-ZrO<sub>2</sub>) powder compacts by electric current activated/assisted sintering (ECAS) technique

An amorphous Y-ZrO<sub>2</sub> powder filled in a graphite die and plungers was densified by applying a constant compression stress (90.5MPa) and dc (900-1000 A) for 999s in a vacuum chamber. The obtained powder compacts showed high relative densities above 98%.



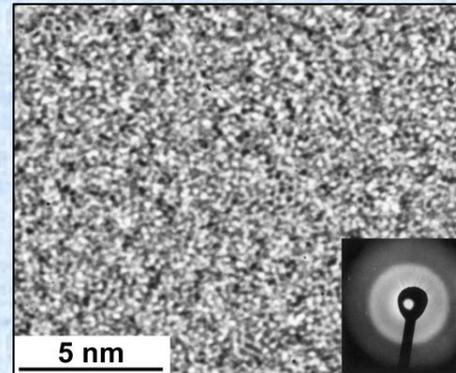
Schematic of ECAS Apparatus



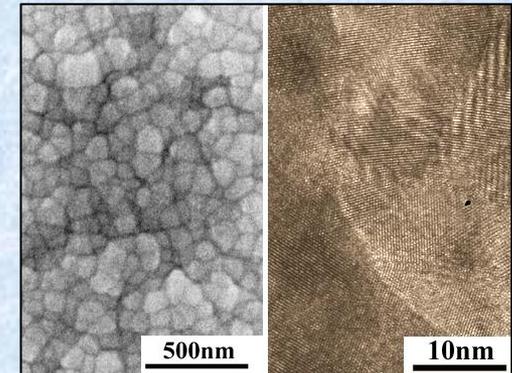
Densification Curve

## 2) Microstructures of amorphous Y-ZrO<sub>2</sub> powder and nanocrystalline Y-ZrO<sub>2</sub> powder compacts

During densification, crystallization occurs in the amorphous Y-ZrO<sub>2</sub> powder. Densification proceeds by superplasticity of the nanocrystalline Y-ZrO<sub>2</sub> polycrystals.



Amorphous Y-ZrO<sub>2</sub> Powder

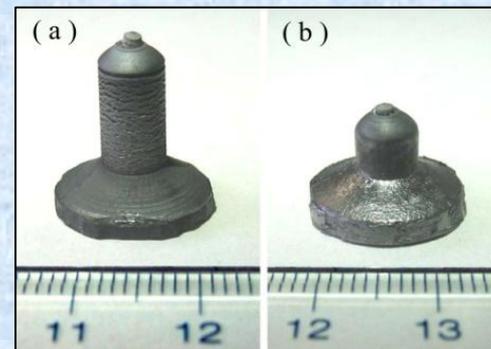


Nanocrystalline Y-ZrO<sub>2</sub> Compact

## 3) Hot-extrusion of nanocrystalline Y-ZrO<sub>2</sub> powder compacts

The nanocrystalline Y-ZrO<sub>2</sub> compacts could be hot-extruded using a graphite extrusion die by ECAS. Apparent grain growth was suppressed for rapid extrusion (999s).

We can be fabricated nanocrystalline Y-ZrO<sub>2</sub> materials of various shapes with higher density.

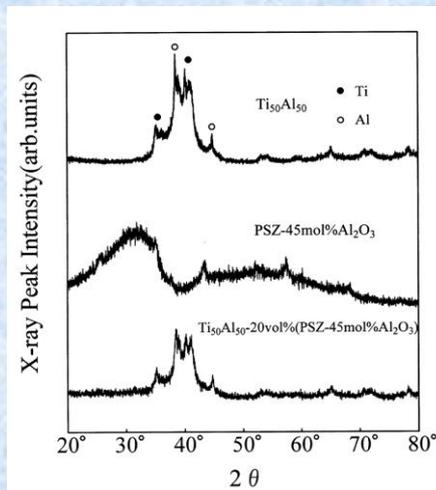


Hot-extruded Y-ZrO<sub>2</sub> Billet

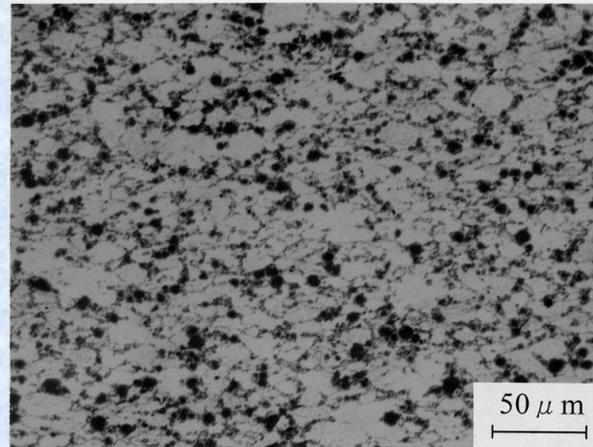
## Theme 2 Preparation of nanocrystalline metal matrix composite by pulse current pressure sintering

### Preparation of nanocrystalline $Ti_{50}Al_{50}$ -20vol%(PSZ-45mol% $Al_2O_3$ ) composite by Pulse Current Pressure Sintering.

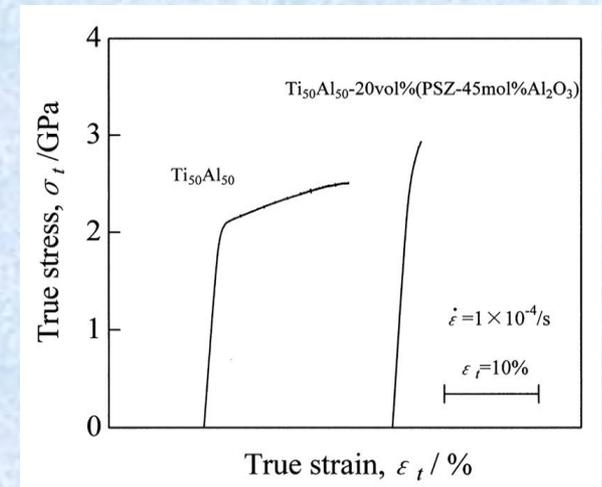
A nanocrystalline  $Ti_{50}Al_{50}$ -20vol%(PSZ-45mol% $Al_2O_3$ ) composite is fabricated by pulse current pressure sintering of the mixed powder of mechanically milled Ti-50mol%Al powder and amorphous PSZ-45mol%  $Al_2O_3$  powder.



X-ray diffraction patterns of the mechanically milled  $Ti_{50}Al_{50}$  powder, amorphous PSZ-45mol% $Al_2O_3$  powder and  $Ti_{50}Al_{50}$ -20vol%(PSZ-45mol% $Al_2O_3$ ) powder.



The microstructure of the  $Ti_{50}Al_{50}$ -20vol%(PSZ-45mol% $Al_2O_3$ ) composite.



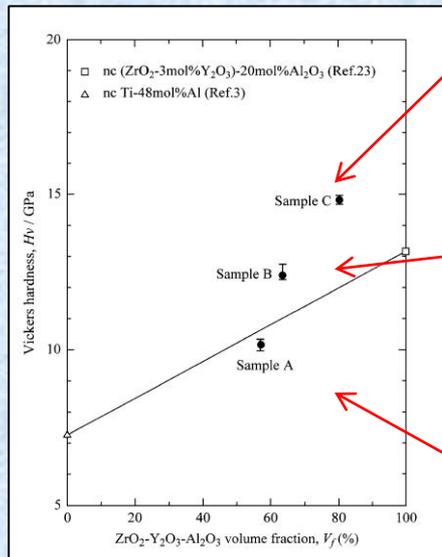
The true stress against true strain curves (compression test at room temperature).

# Theme 3 Development of Nanocrystalline Ceramic-Metal Composite Materials

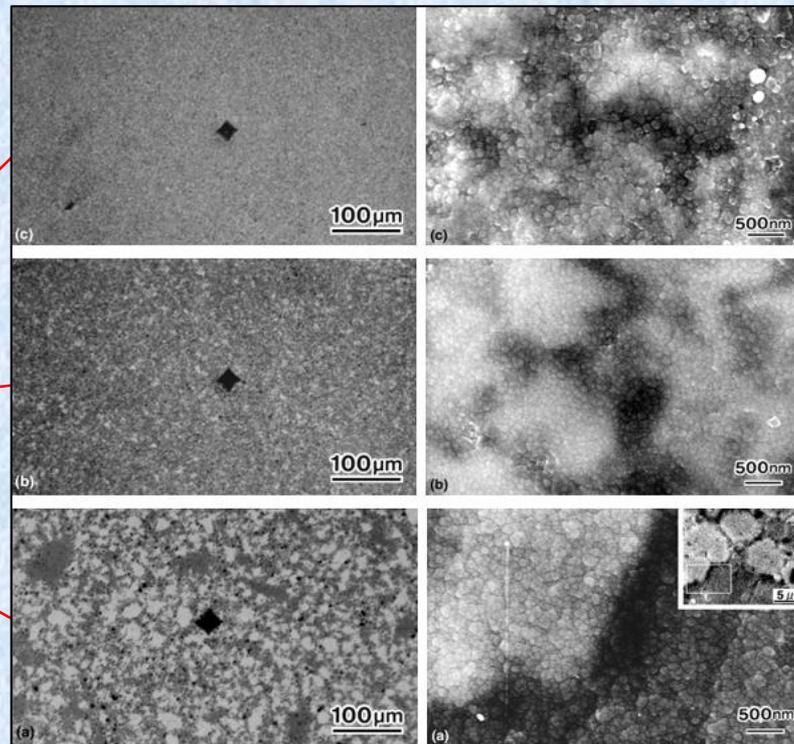
Nanocrystalline ceramic-metal composite materials can be fabricated by rapid consolidation of mixture of ceramic and metal amorphous powders. Improvement of mechanical property can be achieved by fine and homogeneous distribution of the ceramic and metal colonies. Currently under development of nanocrystalline composite materials having various dispersion morphologies.

Ceramic Region ( $Y-ZrO_2+Al_2O_3$ )

Metal Region (TiAl)

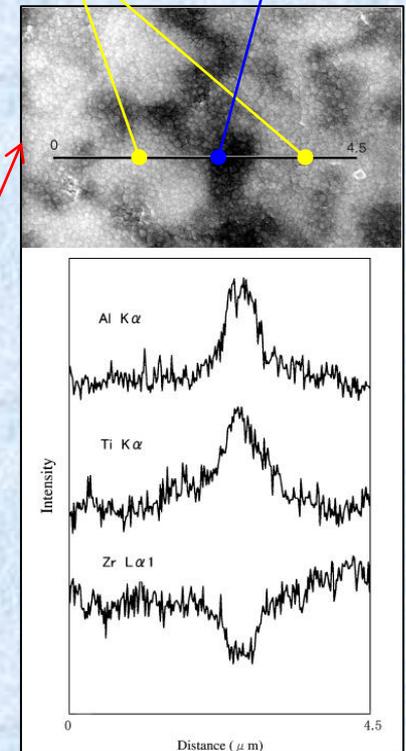


Vickers Hardness



Optical Microstructure

Transmission Electron  
Microscopy



Line Analysis

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